## **Practice Problems**

## 1 From the book

- Section 1.1: 1.1, 1.2
- Section 1.2: 1.7, 1.9, 1.10

## 2 Additional problems

- Show that for any integer  $n, 2 \mid n(n+1)$  and  $3 \mid n(n+1)(n+2)$ .
- Show that for any positive integer n, gcd(n, n + 1) = 1.
- Show that for any integer n, gcd(22n + 7, 33n + 10) = 1.
- Can we find integers a and b such that gcd(a, b) = 3 and a + b = 65?
- Show that if x and y are odd, then  $x^2 + y^2$  cannot be a square.
- Show that if  $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$ , then gcd(a, m) = gcd(b, m).
- List all integers x in the range  $1 \le x \le 100$  such that  $x \equiv 7 \pmod{100}$ .
- Show that if n is any odd integer, then  $n^2 \equiv 1 \pmod{8}$  or, in other words, 8 divides  $n^2 1$ .